

The Scottish Rock Garden Club SHOW REPORTS NORTHUMBERLAND - HEXHAM 2011





Farrer Medal

Best Plant in the Show
Primula "Broadwell Milkmaid"
by Cyril Lafong

[Joint show held under AGS rules this year]

There are so many trophies at the Hexham show that it would take a whole article to show

the plants and the winners. I will try to pick the winning plants out in the report.. Under AGS rules there are different sections for the exhibitors than in an SRGC show. The winners of the 'most points trophies were:-

R B Cooke Plate

most first prize points in Open Section Ian Kidman

Gordon Harrison Cup

most first prize points in Intermediate
Section

Jim Watson

Cyril Barnes Trophy

most first prize points in Novice Section

Tony Stanley

SRGC Bronze Medal - Section TWO

Subject to SRGC rules

Jim Watson

The show is quite extraordinary with an incredible number of absolutely wonderful plant being exhibited and when it comes to specific genera it is like a living encyclopaedia. It is well worth getting up early and travelling to Northumberland to see for yourself. Better still, be inspired and exhibit some plants yourself. For real beginners there is a special section and you graduate slowly through the ranks to the open section. If

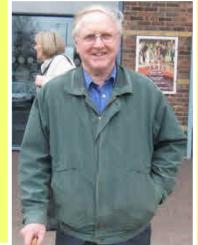
If you need more plants Hexham has a great selection of plants on sale from many nurseries and the local plant sale if full of treasures. Get there early and make your choices early. There is a supermarket next door an another across the road, so you can enjoy yourself and do the weekend shopping.



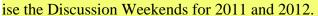


The great thing about the SRGC and the AGS is that members make friends from all parts of the country.

Many are members of both clubs. I was warmly welcomed to Hexham in N E England by Brian Russ who comes from Ormskirk on the English East coast. I meet Brian only 2 or 3 times a year but have done so every year for the past 30 years or more. For the



first time th' I wondered why he had a woman's head on his shoulder! **The bunch of rievers on the left** are look a bit shaky because I did not use a flash but nonetheless these are the members from North Northumberland, North Cumbria and South West Scotland groups who got together to organ-













Unbelievable Primulas - fabulous colours, range and quality



Primulas from home and abroad



I bet few of us have seen Primula scotica growing in the wild. To see it involves a trip to Caithness. There you should find it in early May growing in short turf beside the Pentland Firth. Either that or you could head south to North Wales where Tim Lever grows it to perfection at Aberconway nursery. I had to travel to **England, from Scotland to** see a Scottish native exhibited by a Welshman. !Vive La Grande Bretagne!

The **Primula marginata** on the right is new to me. It is a splendid plant with large wavy edged flowers. It reminded me of 'Linda Pope', with its quite big, well defined sharply defined leaves which are outlined in golden farina. Unlike 'Linda Pope' these flowers are paler lilac and have only a very feint white ring of farina surrounding the eye.

I Googled 'Johannes Hoeller' and at first try I found he might be a dentist in Stuttgart and then I came on 13 Johannes Hoellers in Austria! Eventually, I found a message on the 'Primula Gardening Group' website from 2003 from Johannes H. who lived in the Austrian mountains. I reckoned 'This was the man'.

Primula marginata 'Johannes Hoeller'

The post was about growing Primulas in pots. I was intrigued as to why he used light coloured grit on his pots. Johannes wrote,

'I usually cover seed and all pots with plants with limy or quartz or grit which is used in aquariums to protect against dry up. I have the best success with the limy grit which is snow white and sharp (seed and plants). I use it for sensitive Alpine Primulas and all Androsace which like lime. This grit holds the substrate much colder than a dark. A dark grit is getting very warm, when sun is shining. And so some gardeners in hot locations use light pots for their plants or paint them white. My white grit is specially used for sewage treatment through plants. My garden is in the Austrian Alps and the plants (most in pots) and greenhouses are usually covered with snow in winter and so protected. But sometimes we have warm winds (Föhn) with temperatures up to +20°C. And then the white grit

is very helpful.'

Further searching and I find Johannes Hoeller is a hero member of the SRGC forum! Maggi Young told me

'Hans Hoeller (Höller) was a super bloke who lived in Austria, in the path of ghastly avalanches, (which he showed photos of, surrounding his house every year, which managed to remain largely unscathed) who grew a lot of primulas and also orchids. He was very active in the SRGC Forum. Sadly he died almost a year ago. If I remember correctly that plant shown at N'thberland was one raised/ selected by him and sent to Susan Tindall, who named it for him. Quite a lot of Forumists have had plants ftrom Hans.... me too! Got some lovely P. marginata types and some other alpine species too. He was only 55, I think, very sad loss.'



The World of Alpines









These pictures all taken within a short space on the benches illustrate the different sorts of plants our members love to grow. Like our members. The plants come from different places on different continents. Some have brightly coloured flowers while others rarely flower. Some are 'easy', others are known to have difficulties associated with their cultivation. No matter how difficult a plant is reputed to be to grow, someone is away collecting seed so that others can try to grow it.

When we see the results we appreciate the effort expended in collection and cultivation. Many Horticultural Societies restrict themselves to a certain type of plant. Rock Gardeners can indulge in plants from hundreds of genera and still be seen to be growing rock plants.

As well as a 'garden club' we are an 'ecological club'. We grow plants which like or tolerate a certain range of conditions. Add in an alpine house and a wee bit of frost protection to say nothing of actual heat and the range open for us to grow is incredible.

We might think of ourselves as the 'Scottish Plants and Bulbs Under Two Feet Tall From Temperate Regions Club. SPABUTFTFTRC! It sound like a sweary word!

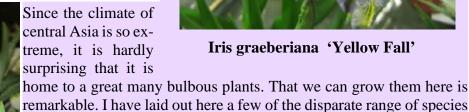
We could sing out 'We are the Spa-but-fit-fitrick!



Asian Bulbs

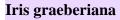






treme, it is hardly surprising that it is home to a great many bulbous plants. That we can grow them here is

from Turkey to China which were on benches. Those which die down may be easier to present in perfect condition but the Asarum splendens must take a lot of year round care to keep its leaves in such good order - and how do you get so many flowers?



Out of flower it looks like a shiny leek. It is a Juno Iris from stony hillsides in Central Asia [Turkestan]. Two forms were shown here one with mid blue flowers and the other with pale blue flowers with a very attractive yellow blotch on the falls. The flowers appear in the leaf axils. While beautiful, both are reputed to be best grown in a bulb frame. When we visited Janis Ruksan's nursery we saw rows of Juno Irises including 'Yellow fall' growing lined out in a polythene tunnel



Iris graeberiana 'Yellow Fall'









European plants



Hacquetia epipactis Thor

This is a variegated selection of the popular rock plant. This form was one of Alf Evans' favourite plants and he was the man who wrote the book on PEAT GARDENS. Slower to increase than the all green form it is a delightful addition for those who like variegated foliage. Named after a renowned Austrian physician, botanist and scientist Belsazar [or Balthazar] Hacquet [1739 - 1815], who explored the Julian Alps. He wrote a book on Alpine Flora of Carniolica



Viola jooii [below] is known as 'The Transylvanian Violet' This conjures up a vision of a hybrid between Count Dracula and the Scarlet Pimpernel.

I have admired it at Hexham for several years. This year Don Peace had it flowering fabulously. A winner in my book. In olden days Violas were the flowers associated with love, which is why Eliza Dolittle sold them in bunches. I hope my own love gives me some seed of this fab-



Can there be a more beautiful flowering dwarf shrub than this? Would you believe it is in the Thyme family?

Would you believe it was discovered growing in central Slovenia in 1837 and named by Henrik Freyer after the botanist Count Rihard Ursini Blagay?

It also grows in many areas around the Adriatic and in Rumania and Bulgaria.

Can you spell the mountain on which it was found? [Polhograjska Gora]

Did you know it is called the Royal Flower because its habitat was visited by King Frederick Augustus II, King of Saxony?

Did you know this plant was shown by John Richards?

It must be one of the first plants to have been given official protection, since it has been protected since 1898











Daisy, Daisy! From the USA

These small composites are exceptionally beautiful. You have to admire these narrow silver leaves on the Townsendias. T. exscapa has a wide range from Alberta to Mexico along the range of the Rockies. T. hookeri from Alaska to Nevada, from the coastal mountains and along the Rockies; T. spathulata is only found in Montana and Wyoming while T. rothrockii has an even more limited range mainly in Colorado, just spreading into adjacent states. It is the subject of a USDA Forest service Conservation project. Most of these must be grown from seed so it is important to save seed and sow it, to keep fresh young plants in cultivation. We are lucky that both SRGC and AGS have such good

seed exchanges where we can hopefully get seeds of these beauties. By the way David Townsend, 1787 - 1858, was a botanist from West Chester, Pennsylvania. He was so skillful and tasteful in the preparation of dried specimens that Sir Joseph Hooker described him as 'preeminent in this important art'. This also shows how 150 years ago scientific men from different continents communicated with one another.









This why you get up with the sun or before it and travel miles to a show. This is one of the best pans of bulbs I have ever seen. Alan Newton deserves every acclamation for raising his pan of *Fritillara gibbosa* from seed. When you sow the wee brown triangular seeds you have this result

in mind but only vears of dedicated devotion and care lead you along the correct path. Alan justifiably won the 'Sandhoe Trophy' for best plant in a pan not exceeding 19cm. In time I am sure it will win a Forrest or Farrer medal. Thank you Brenda for looking after Alan so he could look after the Fritillaria gibbosa!









Make sure <u>you</u> visit Hexham next spring. You are sure of a warm welome. I advise you take an oxygen cylinder with you as the plants will take your breath away. I am sure I missed out some great



plants and that doesn't mean big plants. I can't mention all names but if I have shown a photo of your plant a big thank you for making a wonderful day memorable

Sandy Leven

